At the dawn of a new era

A roadmap for an ambitious hydrogen strategy



Engagée pour la transition écologique

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON MOBILITY CHALLENGES 9. December 2021

Philippe BOUCLY, President



French Hydrogen Strategy (8. September 2020)

Priority 1 : To Decarbonize industry



Objective : to scale up a competitive French electrolysis industry our la transition écologique

Priority 2 : To Develop hydrogen for professional mobility

>Vans, Buses, Trucks, Railways, Ships, Airplanes –

- Priority 3 : To Develop R&D&I
- Implementation of a Priority Research Programme for hydrogen applications and a programme to increase competences and training

 ✓ In total : 7,2 + 1,9 billion € up to 2030 (3,4 during 2020-2023 period) 6500 MW of electrolysers - 680 000 tons of Hydrogen
 ✓ Objective : to create between 50 000 and 150 000 jobs
 ✓ Cooperation with European partners (IPCEI)

Support of the French Government



- Through "Calls for projects" (managed by ADEME)
 - Technological bricks : 350 Million euros
 - Territorial ecosystems (mixing industry and mobility) : 275 Million euros

and also through an IPCEI (Important Project of Common European Interest) within the European framework (1,5 +1,7 billion euros)

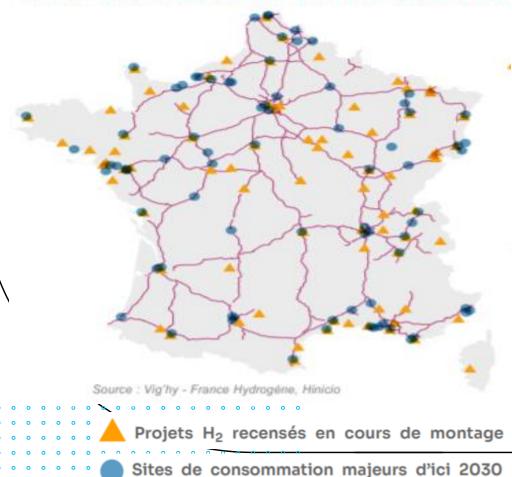
A support mechanism in order to fill the gap between the costs of low ... carbon/renewable hydrogen and grey hydrogen

and also a specific mechanism for refineries (TIRUERT)

The use of hydrogen will be mainly concentrated within large industrial clusters for industry and mobility (*for instance : big cities, harbours, airports*)

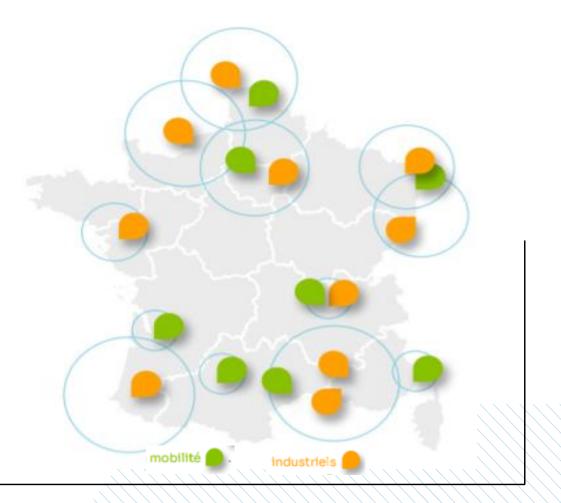


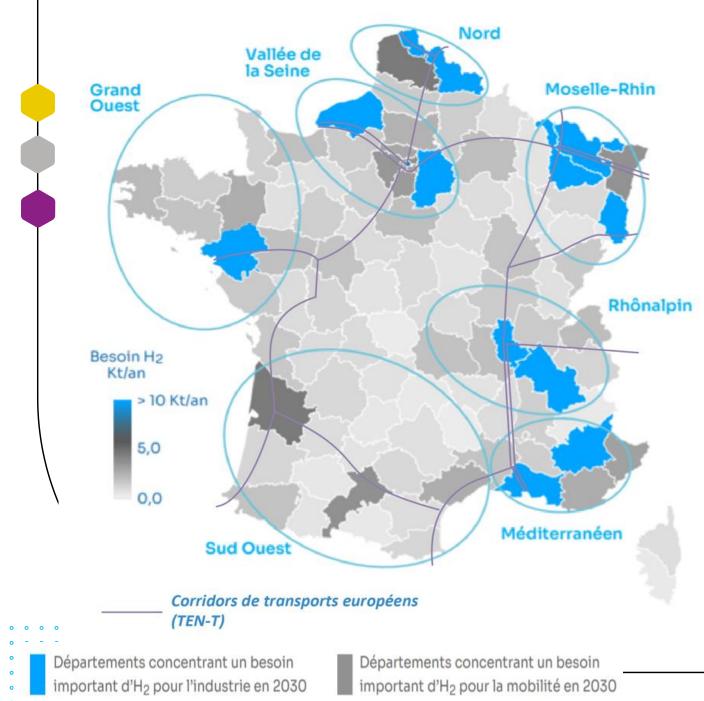
Cartographie des projets H₂ et des sites majeurs de consommation 2030



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Principaux pôles de consommation 2030



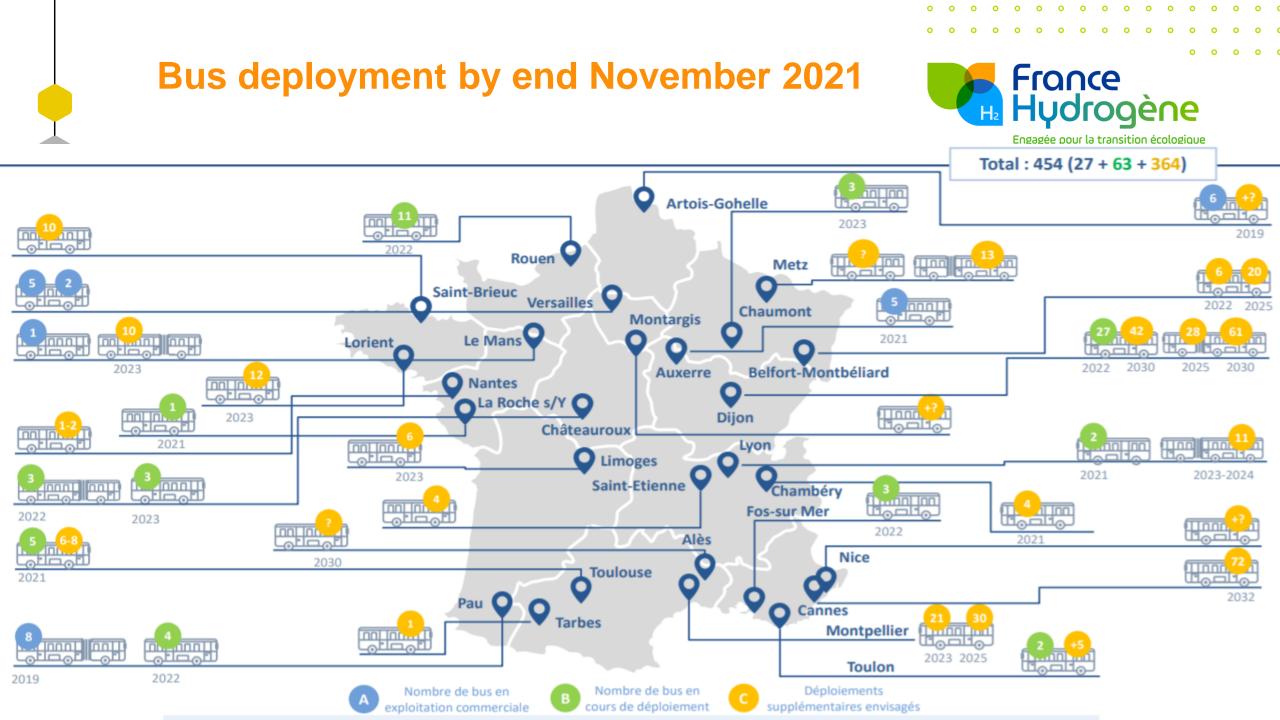


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Deployment by 2030 : Consumption is concentrated within 7 bassins

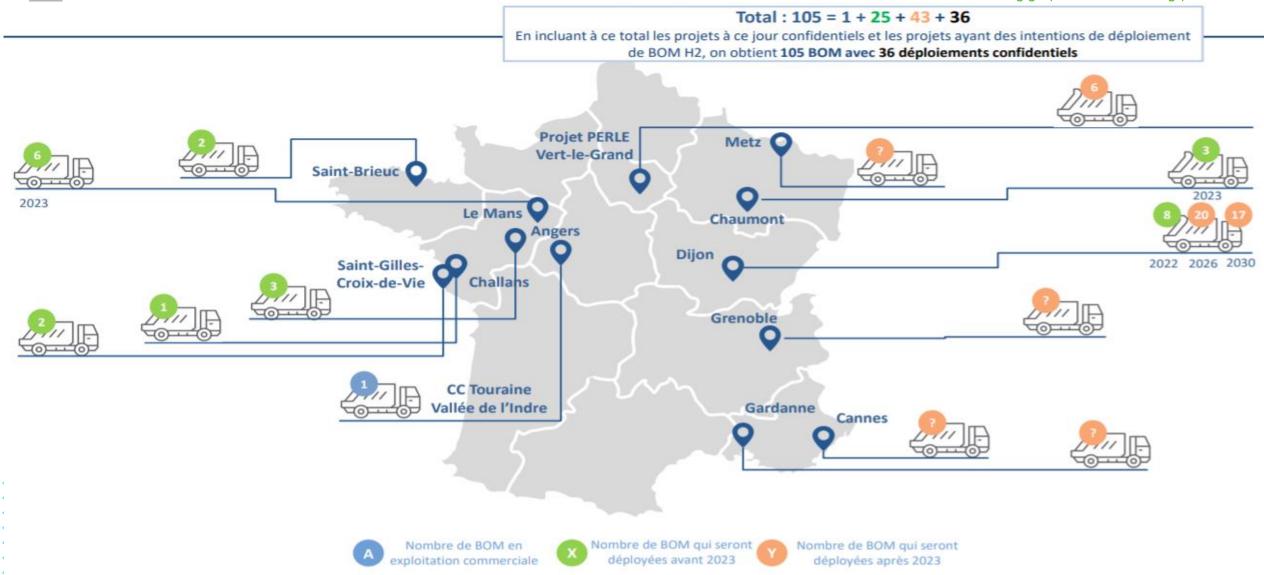
- 680 to 1090 kt of hydrogen
- 6.5 to 10 GW of electrolysis power
- 37 to 60 TWh of low carbon or renewable electricity
- 1000 à 1700 H2 refuelling stations, mainly public

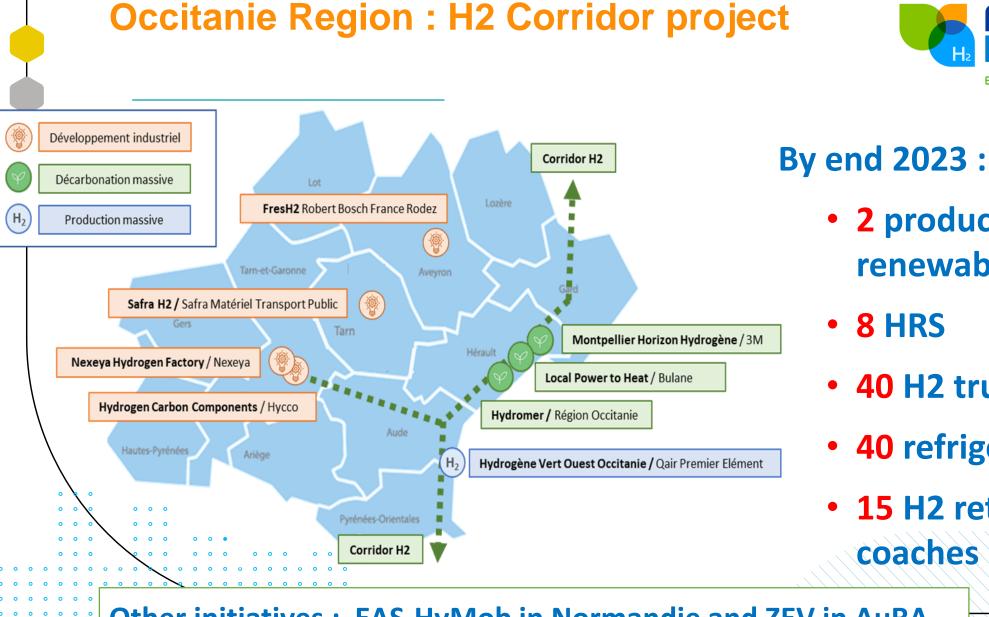


Deployment of garbage trucks by end November 2021



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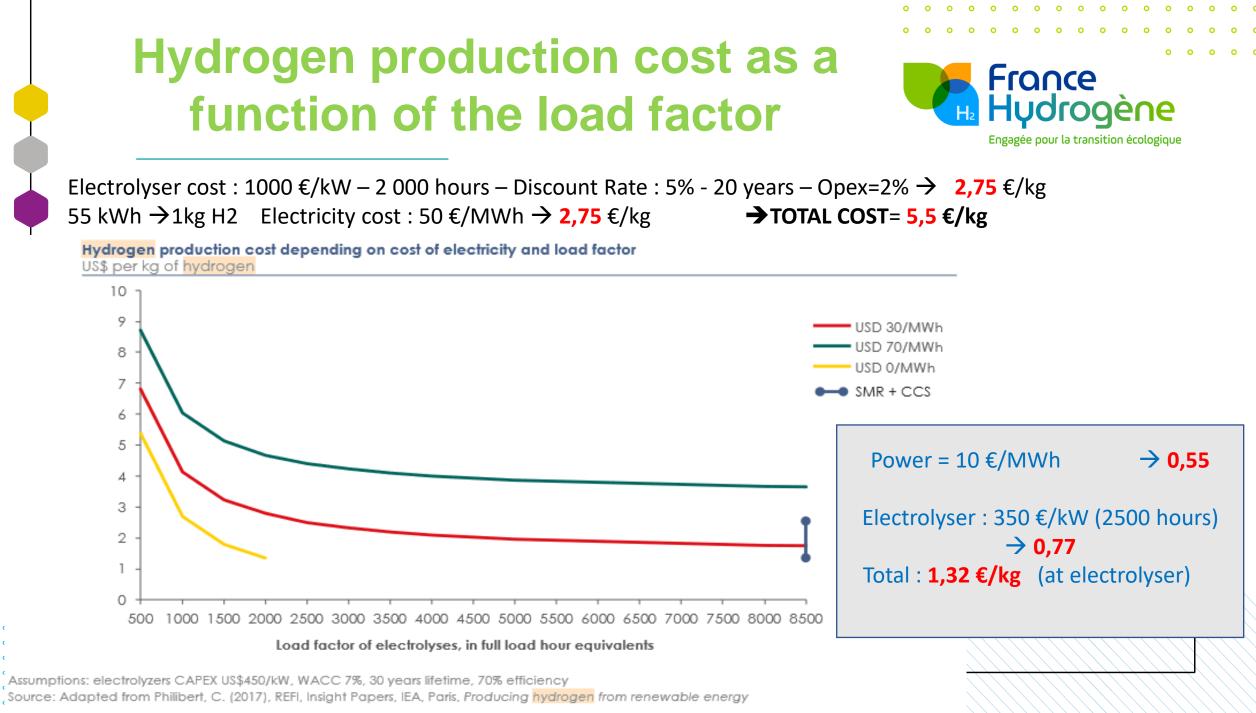


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- 2 production units of renewable H2
- 8 HRS
- 40 H2 trucks
- 40 refrigerated trailers
- 15 H2 retrofited coaches

Other initiatives : EAS-HyMob in Normandie and ZEV in AuRA

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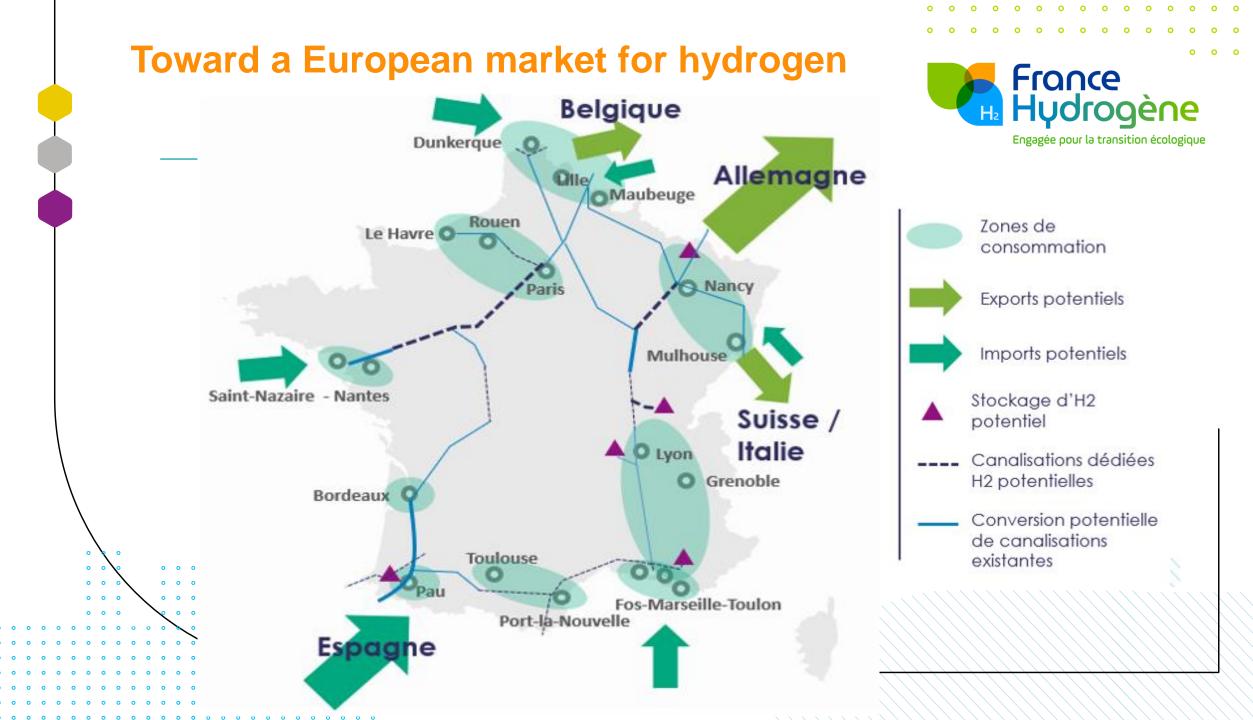


- **Challenges for the French Hydrogen Sector**
 - To reduce costs : scaling up
 - To promote technological neutrality
 - To contribute to reindustrialisation :

SCALING UP Objective : To reduce costs



- To contribute to the blooming of large-scale territorial ecosystems
- To develop industrial offer : electolysers, fuel cells, vehicles,..
- To develop transport and distribution (HRS) infrastructures
- To develop usages within downstream sectors (mobility, industry, energy).
 -in a nutshell, to build a new market !



- H₂ pipelines by conversion of existing natural gas pipelines (repurposed)
- Newly constructed H₂ pipelines
- Export/Import H₂ pipelines (repurposed)
- Subsea H₂ pipelines (repurposed or new)
- Countries within scope of study
- Countries beyond scope of study
- Potential H₂ storage: Salt cavern
- Potential H₂ storage: Aquifer
- Potential H₂ storage: Depleted field
- Energy island for offshore H₂ production
- ★ City, for orientation purposes

The European Hydrogen Backbone ("EHB")

21 countries (23 TSO) 40 000 km by 2040 / 11600 by 2030 Investment : 43 up to 81 bn EUR (Retrofit : 70 %) Cost = 0,1 à 0,2 EUR/kg/1000 km



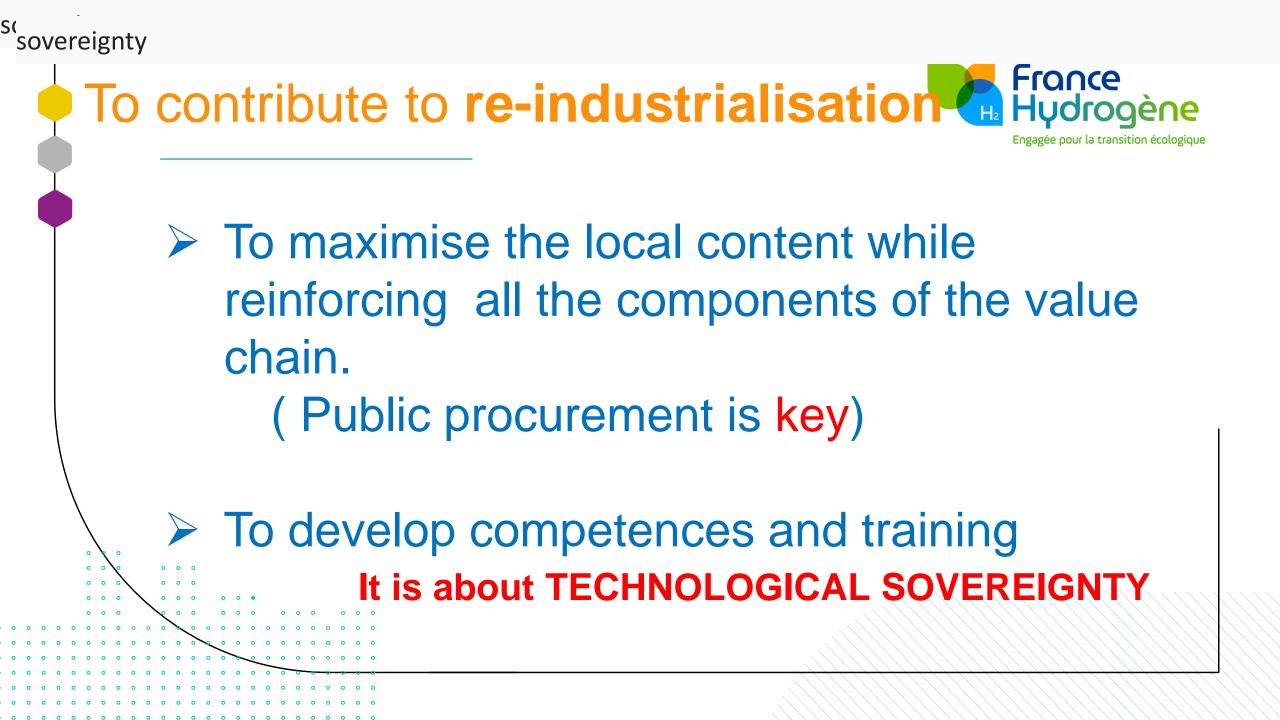
To Promote technological neutrality

> Not only renewable electricity ! GreenTaxonomy



- To consider also other means to produce renewable or low carbon hydrogen : NOT ONLY electrolysis !
 - Steam Methan Reforming of natural gas (SMR) with Capture and Sequestration/Utilisation of CO2 (CCUS)
 - Pyrogasification / Thermolysis of biomass (Haffner process)
 - Methan Pyrolysis (Plasma torch, microwave)
 - Native hydrogen

Balance between Supply and Usages of renewable hydrogen by 2050
 Cofar development of renewable is NOT sufficient)



As a CONCLUSION



> Without Hydrogen, we will NOT succeed

- Versatile energy carrier : holistic/systemic approach is needed
- Massifiing/ Pooling usages in order to reduce costs : to build territorial ecosystem, to scale up, import of H2 ?

> To maintain R&D efforts and foster innovation

Europe benefit from strong and valuable assets : it is also about an industrial challenge

Maximising the local content & renforcing the whole value chain.
Regulation AND public financial support (Carbon tax)

Thank you for your attention !

France Hydrogène

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